Cajuns Seek French Culture Out of Mixed Past

By BERNARD K. Revello

The Cajuns, descendants of French colonists who settled in Louisiana and the Gulf Coast in the 18th and 19th centuries, have long been a unique and distinctive part of American culture. In recent years, they have begun to reassess their relationship to their French heritage and to explore ways of preserving and promoting that culture.

One aspect of this reassessment has been a growing interest in the Cajun language, which is a branch of the French language and is spoken by about 200,000 people in southern Louisiana.

Another aspect has been a greater awareness of Cajun music, which has been influenced by both French and African traditions. Cajun music has gained popularity in recent years, and there are now many musicians who are dedicated to preserving and promoting this unique style.

The Cajuns are also becoming more active in tourism, with many visitors coming to see the Cajun culture and cuisine. This has led to the development of Cajun-themed festivals and events, which have become an important part of the local economy.

In addition, there is a growing interest in Cajun history, with many people interested in learning more about the Cajuns and their role in American history. This has led to the development of museums and other educational institutions that focus on Cajun culture.

Overall, the Cajuns are undergoing a cultural renaissance, as they seek to reconnect with their French heritage and to develop a sense of pride in their Cajun identity.
Cajuns Rebuilding French Culture Out of a Mixed Heritage

By BARNEY GLICK

Alphonse Moravia, known over the world for his stories of the Cajun, lives in a little house in the right-hand corner of a large jungle. Mr. Moravia, a man who grew up in the Louisiana delta, is a writer of books and a man who has no time to write but to live. He has written several books in French, and some in English, and he has talked about the Cajun and the French culture. Mr. Moravia says that the Cajuns are a mixture of French and Spanish, and that they have kept this mixture in their culture. The Cajuns are a people who have lived in the South of France for many generations. They have their own language, and they have their own customs. They have their own way of life. Mr. Moravia says that the Cajuns are a people who have lived in the South of France for many generations. They have their own language, and they have their own customs. They have their own way of life. Mr. Moravia says that the Cajuns are a people who have lived in the South of France for many generations. They have their own language, and they have their own customs. They have their own way of life.

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World War II ended with a victory for the United States and the Allies. The war had lasted for four years, and it had been a bloody and difficult war. The United States had suffered a great deal of loss, and many people had died. The war had ended in a victory for the Allies, and the United States had played a great part in it. The war had ended in a victory for the Allies, and the United States had played a great part in it.

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