WELCOME TO COLFAX 
GRANT PARISH 
LOUISIANA 

GROWING WITH LOUISIANA

GATEWAY TO IATT - NANTACHEE LAKES

To:

28433 Highway 1
Lake Charles, LA

From:

TOWN OF COLFAX
401 8th Street
COLFAX, LA. 71417

VERTICAL FILE
FACTS ABOUT COLFAX.

Located on the right bank of the Red River twenty-eight miles northwest of Alexandria, twenty-eight miles out from Grand Forks, it was named for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, pecans, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. Cotton, cotton seed, corn, soy beans, oats, hay, peas, sorghum, oats, and a variety of vegetables are important phases of agricultural production in the area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuosly, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Colfax provides a market and distribution center for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this part of the State. Cotton seed, corn, soy beans, oats, hay, peas, sorghum, oats, and a variety of vegetables are also important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Colfax is also important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Colfax is also a market and distribution center for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Colfax also provides a market and distribution center for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Located on the right bank of the Red River twenty-eight miles northwest of Alexandria, twenty-eight miles out from Grand Forks, it was named for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

The town of Colfax operates under the general municipal corporation act of the State of Louisiana. The Board of Mayor and Board of Fire Commissioners, who serve four year terms, provide for the operation of chlorination and distribution facilities for the town of Colfax. The Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.

Located on the right bank of the Red River twenty-eight miles northwest of Alexandria, twenty-eight miles out from Grand Forks, it was named for the agricultural products grown on the 670 square miles of alluvial lands and pine hills in Grant Parish. Cotton, corn, hay, sugar cane, grapes, sweet and Irish potatoes, and a variety of vegetables, are important phases of agricultural production in the growing and shipping of products in this area. The net effect of reforestation and other modern forestry practices has been to increase substantially the value of forest products harvested and marketed. Each year, 120,000,000 board feet of young pines that will reach merchantable timber size in the next 30 to 50 years will be marketed. Forest products in a raw state, marketed continuously, are the major portion of the agricultural production; the hills were originally covered with great Longleaf pine forests. Government acquired a substantial portion of the eastern part of Grant Parish and established the Kisatchie National Forest. The reforestation program promoted by the Central Louisiana Forestry Association has certified twenty-seven tree farms totaling 40,464 acres.
WELCOME TO COLFAX, LA.
THE GATEWAY TO "THE LAKES"