Nova Scotia to Welcome
Louisiana Acadians

Great Celebration Is Being Arranged At Grand Pre
From Which Little Town The Descendants Of
Three Noblemen Of France Were Banished In 1755.

Gov. Huey P. Long Expects To Make
The Trip With Louisiana Party.
Big Party To Leave Teche Section And Journey To Nova Scotia Next August.

(EDITOR’S NOTE: The following article, dealing with the proposed visit of the Acadians to the Land of Evangeline, appeared in the New Orleans Item-Tribune of April 6, and was reprinted by the Citizens’ Union as a part of the campaign sponsored by the Item.)

By CALVERT STITH
ON AUGUST 16 there are three schooners of the large number of Acadian, from southwest Louisiana, direct descendants of the Acadians who fled British oppression 175 years ago from Grand Pre, Nova Scotia, to take part in the 200th anniversary of the founding of the Teche Valley.

The Louisiana party, which will be led by Huey P. Long, Louisiana Public Service Commissioner Boudreau, Blanchard, and LeBlanc, will also visit Grand Pre through Boudreau’s promotion, a New York to St. Martinville to Grand Pre via Teche, a route which will be followed by a brief pilgrimage to the Teche Valley.

History of Acadians

Here is a brief summary of the Acadians:

In 1603 three Acadians of France, who fled to Nova Scotia in 1605, were among those who first settled in the Virginia colony. In the early part of the 18th century, many of these Acadians moved to Maryland, Virginia, and the Carolinas, and by 1720 the number of Acadians in the United States had increased to about 10,000. In 1755, these Acadians were expelled from Nova Scotia by the British, and were forced to take refuge in the United States, where they settled in Louisiana.

The Acadians were known for their religious beliefs, and many of them were farmers, fishermen, and hunters. They were also skilled in the arts of weaving, carpentry, and blacksmithing. They were known for their hospitality and their love of music and dance.

In 1812, the Acadians of Louisiana were granted permission to return to Nova Scotia, and many of them did so, taking with them their family and their culture. Today, the descendants of the Acadians in Louisiana are known as the Cajuns, and they are still deeply influenced by their Acadian heritage.

The Acadians of Louisiana have a long and colorful history, and their story is one of resilience and perseverance. Despite the challenges they faced, they continued to thrive and to make a significant contribution to the culture of the United States.

The Acadians of Louisiana have a rich cultural heritage, and their story is one that is still being told today. They are a people who have endured great hardship, but who have never lost their sense of community and their love of life. Their story is a testament to the power of the human spirit, and to the resilience of the human soul.